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by Article
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Claims

1. A binding molecule which is a recombinant polypeptide comprising:
 - 5 (i) a binding domain capable of binding a target molecule, and
 - (ii) an effector domain having an amino acid sequence substantially homologous to all or part of a constant domain of a human immunoglobulin heavy chain;
- 10 characterised in that the binding molecule is capable of binding the target molecule without triggering significant complement dependent lysis, or cell mediated destruction of the target.
- 15 2. A binding molecule as claimed in claim 1 wherein the effector domain is capable of specifically binding FcRn and/or Fc γ RIIB.
- 20 3. A binding molecule as claimed in claim 1 ~~or claim 2~~ wherein the effector domain is a chimeric domain which is derived from two or more human immunoglobulin heavy chain C H 2 domains
- 25 4. A binding molecule as claimed in claim 3 wherein the human immunoglobulins are selected from IgG1, IgG2 and IgG4.
- 30 5. A binding molecule as claimed in claim 3 or claim 4 wherein the effector domain is derived from a first human immunoglobulin heavy chain C H 2 domain wherein at least 1 amino acid in at least 1 region of the C H 2 domain has been modified to the corresponding amino acid from a second, different, human immunoglobulin heavy chain C H 2 domain.
- 35 6. A binding molecule as claimed in claim 5 wherein the first human immunoglobulin is selected IgG1, IgG2, and IgG4, and the second human immunoglobulin is selected from IgG2 and IgG4.

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Claim 1

7. A binding molecule as claimed in ~~any one of claims 3 to 6~~ wherein at least 2 amino acids in each of 2 discrete regions of the C_H2 domain are modified to the corresponding amino acids in the corresponding region in a second and third human immunoglobulin heavy chain C_H2 domain respectively.

8. A binding molecule as claimed in claim 7 wherein the 2 discrete regions are residues 233-236, and 327-331.

Claim 1

9. A binding molecule as claimed in ~~any one of claims 3 to 8~~ wherein the effector domain shares at least about 90% sequence identity with the first human immunoglobulin heavy chain C_H2 domain.

Claim 1

10. A binding molecule as claimed in ~~any one of claims 3 to 9~~ comprising a human immunoglobulin heavy chain C_H2 domain having one or more of the following amino acids or deletions at the stated positions:

Posn Amino acid

233 P

234 V

235 A

25 236 (No residue) or G

327 G

330 S

331 S

30 11. A binding molecule as claimed in any one of claims 3 to 10 comprising a human immunoglobulin heavy chain C_H2 domain having one or more of the following blocks of amino acids or deletions at the stated positions: 233P, 234V, 235A and no residue at 236; or 233P, 234V, 235A and 35 236G; and/or 327G, 330S and 331S.

Claim 1

12. A binding molecule as claimed in ~~any one of claims 9 to 11~~ wherein the effector domain is selected from G1Δab, G2Δa or G1Δac.

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Claim 1

a 13. A binding molecule as claimed in ~~any one of claims 3 to 12~~ further comprising modifications to render the molecule substantially null allotypic.

Claim 1

5 b 14. A binding molecule as claimed in ~~any one of claims 5 to 13~~ wherein the effector domain has a reduced affinity for Fc γ RI, Fc γ RIIa or Fc γ RIII and a reduced ability to mediate complement lysis by comparison with the first or second human immunoglobulin heavy chain C₂ domain.

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15 a 15. A binding molecule as claimed in claim 14 wherein the effector domain has retained an affinity for Fc γ RIIb.

b 16.

15 a 16. A binding molecule as claimed in ~~any one of the preceding claims~~ wherein the binding domain derives from

a different source to the effector domain.

Claim 1

a 17. A binding molecule as claimed in ~~any one of the preceding claims~~ wherein the binding domain is selected from the binding site of an antibody; an enzyme; a hormone; a receptor; a cytokine or an antigen; a ligand and an adhesion molecule.

a 20

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18. A binding molecule as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein the binding domain is capable of binding any of: the RhD antigen of red blood cells; an HPA alloantigen of platelets; a neutrophil antigen; a T-cell receptor; integrin; GBM collagen; Der P1; HPA-1a; VAP-1; laminin; lutheran; platelet glycoprotein VI; platelet glycoprotein Ia/IIa.

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19. A binding molecule as claimed in claim 18 wherein the binding domain is selected from that of CAMPATH-1 and FOG1; OKT3; B2 (anti-HPA-1a); VAP-1; murine anti- α 3 (IV) NC1; YTH12.5 (CD3); 2C7 (anti-Der p I); anti-laminin; anti-lutheran.

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20. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding the effector domain of the binding molecule as claimed in any one of the preceding claims.

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21. A nucleic acid as claimed in claim 20 wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a binding molecule as claimed in any one of the preceding claims.

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22. A nucleic acid as claimed in claim 20 or claim 21 which is a replicable vector.

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23. A nucleic acid as claimed in claim 22 wherein the nucleotide sequence is operably linked to a promoter.

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24. A host cell comprising or transformed with the vector of claim 22 or claim 23.

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25. A process for producing a binding molecule as claimed in any one of claim 1 to 19, the process comprising the step of modifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a first human immunoglobulin heavy chain C_H2 such that at least 1 amino acid in at least 1 region of the C_H2 domain corresponds to an amino acid from a second human immunoglobulin heavy chain C_H2 domain.

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26. Use of a binding molecule or nucleic acid as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 19 or 21 to 23 to bind a target molecule with said binding molecule.

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27. Use as claimed in claim 26 wherein the target molecule is Fc_γRIIb, which binding causes inhibition of one or more of: B cell activation; mast cell degranulation; phagocytosis.

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28. Use as claimed in claim 26 to prevent, inhibit, or otherwise interfere with the binding of a second binding molecule to the target molecule.

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29. Use as claimed in claim 28 wherein the second binding molecule is an antibody.

30. Use as claimed in claim 28 or claim 29 wherein the target molecule is selected from: the RhD antigen of red

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blood cells; an HPA alloantigen of platelets; a neutrophil antigen; a T-cell receptor; integrin; GBM collagen; Der P1; HPA-1a; VAP-1; laminin; lutheran; platelet glycoprotein VI; platelet glycoprotein Ia/IIa.

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31. Use as claimed in any one of claims 27 to 30 for the treatment of a patient for a disorder selected from: Graft-vs-host disease; host-vs-graft disease; organ transplant rejection; bone-marrow transplant rejection; autoimmunity such as vasculitis, autoimmune haemolytic anaemia, autoimmune thrombocytopenia and arthritis; alloimmunity such as foetal/neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia; asthma and allergy; chronic or acute inflammatory diseases such as Chrohn's; HDN; Goodpastures, sickle cell anaemia, coronary artery occlusion.

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32. Use as claimed any one of claims 26 to 31 wherein the binding molecule is administered to a patient, or optionally in cases where the patient is an unborn infant, to the mother of the patient.

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33. A pharmaceutical preparation comprising a binding molecule as claimed in one of claims 1 to 19, or a nucleic acid as claimed in any one of claims 21 to 23, plus a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

34. An oligonucleotide selected from:

MO22BACK: 5' TCT CCA ACA AAG GCC TCC CGT CCT CCA TCG AGA

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AAA 3'

MO22: 5' TTT TCT CGA TGG AGG ACG GGA GGC CTT TGT TGG AGA
3'

MO7BACK: 5' TCC TCA GCA CCT CCA GTC GCG GGG GGA CCG TCA
GTC 3'

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MO21: 5' GAC TGA CGG TCC CGC GAC TGG AGG TGC TGA GGA 3'